Future smart farm technology innovations and strategic outlook

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#SmartFarm #Farming #Robotics #Environmental Protection #Food Security







recent years, driven by a variety of factors. The smart farm industry is contributing to optimisin the growth conditions of crops and improving productivity by applying advanced technologies

attitutati kinagence son engelutare horeasing adoption of precision agriculture technologies that incorporate lot access to monitor soil moisture, temperature, and nutrient levels in real-time to enable optimised intrastion and fertiliser planning, as well as leverage technologies such as CPS, discret, and serielle imagery for more precise corp management.

analysing vast amounts of agricultural data to predict yields, detect diseases, and optimise crop inputs to improve overall efficiency and profitability.

at famining and controlled environment agriculture (CEA): The growth of vertical famining and CEA systems is enabling year-round crop produing smart sensors, LED lighting, and climate control systems to create optimal growing conditions and maximise yields and resource efficien

6) Remote monitoring and management remove in control year in resource in a second providing real-time insights into farm activities through remote inigation systems, surveillance cameras and drone monitoring to improve operational efficiency and safety.

### 2. ICT innovations in smart farms

2. ICT Innovations in smart farms
Technologies because it is a substance in smart farms, it evaluates between the months of the cross in set time and make optional farming decision based on data. In substance, automated options are reproving a productively productively between the influencing observative and retirement our conference grounding productively by or efficiently observative and retirement our conference and of the decision of an extra section and of the decision of the environment mortilizing is used to mortifar the environment factors of cops in red time. Temporature, hundle, and conditions, etc. are measured to because of comprehensive conference in the conference and respond applies to productive hundle, and in all committees the conference and respond applies to productive hundless, and in accordance intervalsage and the second to automatically perform watering, for their application, temporature control of the control

2) Big data and machine learning: Smart farms collect data to predict crop growth, pest outbreaks, harvest timing, and more. This allows farmers to make optimal decisions, and machine learning algorithms are used to predict crop growth and yields.



Drones and robotics: Drones are used to take pictures of farmland and monitor crop health. Drones are used to take pictures of farmland and monitor crop health. Drones around the property of th

4) Artificial intelligence (AI): All can be used to diagnose diseases, pests, and nutritional status of crops and automatic



optimise fertiliser use and control the growing environment to increase productivity.

### 4. Smart farms and sustainable agriculture; importance and linkages

we now my special source.

If the former stage from the form is lowing a soluriosed technologies such as precision agriculture techniques, the internet of Things (67), big data analytics, and artificial intelligence to optimize growing conditions for once and makenise the efficiency of resource use. This can horsess copy light with evaluating the register environmental impacts of agriculture, such as maintaining and health on formitted.

2) Malnhaining food security. Smart farms can monitor crop growth is real time and make optimal farming decisions based on data. Extreme weather conditions and natural dissisters caused by dimate change have a major impact on agriculture, and precise management of the growing environment can help miligate these impacts.





the production process, providing consumers with high-quality products. Furthermore, by effective, which can lead to profitability and better quotes for consumers.

To secure this competitiveness, FRAMAT is building smart farms, developing and distributing vireless ICT, developing and discovering competitive agricultural inputs, and distributing Cinderella strawberry (white strawberry) varieties to farmers from 2022, and has completed the development of new strawberry varieties (FRAMATT 1943 and Trivlerbell) and fled for varieties applications earlier this year.





# Cutting-edge technology revolutionising the future of agriculture: Introducing smart

With the recent global food security challenges, the smart agriculture industry is growing day by day, driven by technological innovation and global trends. While there are external factors such as population growth and dimate change behind the expansion of the market, it is also being driven by increased investment from governments and private companies. In particular, the EU is promoting smart agriculture initiatives under the 'Green Deal' strategy, and policy support from governments is strengthening, including subsidies and regulatory frameworks. Smart analytics, artificial intelligence (Al), and Internet of Things (IoT) devices to maximise crop productivity and improv

resource unsation.
The resolution that smart agriculture will bring is a departure from the classical method of simply ploughis
It is about developing austrainable farming practices by leveraging Al convergence technology and inform
systems to streamline food production, optimise resource utilisation, and protect the environment.

#Future of Agriculture #Autonomous Tractors #Drones #Vertical Farm #Precision Agriculture

### Smart farm technology as a sustainable farming method

The first asid directly related to auditinability issues is global warming Under warming weather and resource contrariet, it is necessary to increase yields, improve resource utilisation efficiency, and produce crops relately. While conventional agriculture requires the use of large amounts of chemical fertilisers and machinery, mant agriculture is playing an important rate in a statistical agriculture. Along with con-ferring distributions and machinery contraries and resolutions, and closely described and produced in the contraries of the impact on cylinder withing.

### Smart agriculture relies on reliable data

Market trends in the smart agriculture market are focusing on the need for reliable data analytics. Recent statistics from international research organisations and experts have den that technological innovations such as AI, IoT, and tig data analytics are contributing to increased agricultural productivity. For example, official reports from the World Bank and the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) confirm a positive correlation between the amount of investment in precision agriculture technologies and the growth in crop yields.

### The rise of autonomous tractors and agricultural support robots



tractors and agricultural support robots. They work within information systems to enable tractors and agricultural support nodes. They wan will are setting support robots car efficient cutivation management. Autonomous tractors and harvesting support robots car save time and money while providing high accuracy.

Next is the introduction of interest of Things (IpCT) technology, 80g data collected by sensor unmanned serial vehicles (drones), and satellite imagery is enabling precision faming and improving one productivity, in particular, real-time monitoring of soil miciature and nutrient levels has likd to more efficient water management and optimised fertiliser use.

prodict maket demand. All technology is being used in conjunction with past prediction models to help optimise the timing of harvest and impation. In particular, All is being used to access
the quality of fruits and vegetables at harvest time, and systems are beginning to be introduced that can identify maturity and size from image data cantured by cameras and veveral time.

Example: Unusing arones

The United States and China are using agricultural drones to efficiently spray pesticides over vast tracts of farmland, reducing labour time. Once the drone's route is set, it files automaticall to apply pesticides, eliminating the need for real-time operation and enabling it to reach places

In addition to spraying pesticides, the drone's far-infrared camera can also be used to monitoring powers. Other indicators of crop health include NDM (Normalised Ofference Vegetation Indice), which is measured from the wavelengths of light reflected by crops using sensors or the drone that can detect visible and near-infrared light. This allows for quicker response to pests and other situations, and can increase yields and improve productivity.





In the Netherlands, despite intend terminal and all arrotate district, the country produces a large amount of high-pass (weighted send hard). They safet verifact them with automated control systems to create the best environment for their crops, by installing sensors to measure temperature, furnishly, and corbon coloside herein the growing spaces, which are finited to accounted corroll organism or learner than the product of the product of risk of external factors such as verafles, posts, and disease effecting production.

with a plant factory. Since it does not require extensive land, it can be produced even in the suburbs of large cities, saving on transport costs. They have partnered with large distribution chains to ship their vegetables and fruits.

### Example: Precision Agriculture

The concept of precision agriculture is being realised through the convergence of artificial intelligence (Al) and robotics. All analyses large amounts of data to find the optimal growing integration (pill and totologis, and enginees agree intolars to use on this temporal growing conditions for corps. Detailed information collected through sensor technology, such as social humidity, pH value, temperature, and plant growth status, is analysed in rest time to account adjust the amount of visiter and nutrients needed, allowing for optimised management of each crop. The aim is to increase yields and reduce costs by applying resources at the right time, in the right amount, and in the right place.

In Japan, precision agriculture is being practised in large rice fields using drones and satellite data. Specific image analysis software is used to monitor the health and growth patterns of crops and develop plans to distribute fertiliser and moisture appropriately. This technology is notable because it not only maximises yields but also reduces resource waste.

This means that real-time weather and soil conditions can be identified to create optimize planting plans based on precision agriculture, and risk management is enhanced through simulation in a virtual space called a 'digital twin'.



## Global status

From a global perspective, smart agriculture is being deployed in different forms around the world. In the Nordic countries, precision agriculture is gaining traction as a sustainable produ-method and is actually being used as an adaptation to climate change. In the US and Australia, large-scale farming operations are being automated and remotely monitored to improve

Meanwhile, emerging countries are also adopting smart farm technology for reso mobile devices to monitor crops and predict crop health and water needs.

In China, the government is stepping up investment in smart agriculture, introducing Al-ene only to address local challenges but also to enhance competitiveness in the global market.

Smart agriculture technology is a combination of information and communication technology (ICT), artificial intelligence (AI), and internet of Things (IoT) devices, and is reg sustainable way of growing food. It is essential to increase agricultural productivity while reducing the burden on the global environment.

rs and satellite data to monitor soil conditions and crop growth in real time. This ensures that only the minimum a needed is applied at the right time and in the right place.

Automated irrigation systems also reduce water waste, and drone technology is helping to optim environmentally friendly, but they are also expected to increase crop yields and improve quality.

sustainable cultivation method with the convergence of ICT technology is expected to be a strategy to respond to various external environments.

### Reference



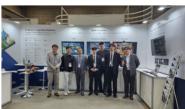


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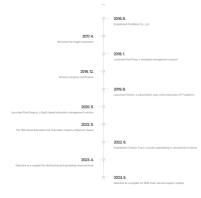


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